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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
OAKLAND DIVISION**

EPIC GAMES, INC.

Case No. 4:20-cv-05640-YGR-TSH

Plaintiff, Counter-defendant

APPLE INC.'S STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF ADMINISTRATIVE MOTION TO SEAL

APPLE INC.,

The Honorable Thomas S. Hixson

Defendant, Counterclaimant

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1 Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c) and Local Rule 79-5, Apple Inc. (“Apple”)
 2 submits this statement in support of Epic Games, Inc.’s Administrative Motion to Consider Whether
 3 Another Party’s Material Should Be Sealed Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5 (Dkt. 1247) (“Epic’s
 4 Motion”). Apple respectfully requests that the Court partially seal Exhibit A to Epic’s Motion because
 5 it contains information sealable under controlling law and Local Rule 79-5. Exhibit A contains excerpts
 6 from Apple’s privilege log prepared for the Special Masters conducting evaluation of the privilege claims
 7 stemming from Apple’s re-review. The privilege log entries are required to be filed under the terms of
 8 the Special Master Re-Review Protocol, but contain competitively sensitive, non-public information
 9 regarding Apple’s project codenames. They also contain personally identifiable information in the form
 10 of email addresses of Apple employees.

11 Apple’s proposed redactions of Exhibit A are indicated in the redacted version filed with this
 12 statement and itemized in the concurrently filed Declaration of Mark A. Perry (the “Perry Declaration”).

13 **LEGAL STANDARD**

14 “The court may, for good cause, issue an order to protect a party or person from annoyance,
 15 embarrassment, oppression, or undue burden or expense,” including preventing the disclosure of
 16 information. *See Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c)*. The Court has “broad latitude” “to prevent disclosure of materials
 17 for many types of information, including, *but not limited to*, trade secrets or other confidential research,
 18 development, or confidential information.” *Phillips v. Gen. Motors Corp.*, 307 F.3d 1206, 1211 (9th
 19 Cir. 2002) (emphasis in original); *see also Kamakana v. City and Cnty. of Honolulu*, 447 F.3d 1172,
 20 1178 (9th Cir. 2006) (compelling circumstances exist to seal potential release of trade secrets) (citing
 21 *Nixon v. Warner Commc’ns, Inc.*, 435 U.S. 589, 598 (1978)); *PQ Labs, Inc. v. Qi*, 2014 WL 4617216,
 22 at *1 (N.D. Cal. Sept. 15, 2014) (granting multiple motions to seal where publication would lead to the
 23 disclosure of trade secrets); *Apple Inc. v. Rivos, Inc.*, 2024 WL 1204115, at *1 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 21, 2024)
 24 (granting request to seal “internal product codenames” and noting that a prior request for the same had
 25 also been granted). Courts often find good cause exists to seal personally identifiable information. *See*,
 26 *e.g.*, *Snapkeys, Ltd. v. Google LLC*, 2021 WL1951250, at *3 (N.D. Cal. May 14, 2021) (granting motion
 27 to file under seal personally identifiable information, including email addresses and telephone numbers
 28 of current and former employees).

Although a party must show compelling circumstances to seal information appended to dispositive motions, the standard for non-dispositive motions is simply “good cause.” *In re Anthem, Inc. Data Breach Litig.*, 2018 WL 3067783, at *2 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 16, 2018); *Rembrandt Diagnostics, LP v. Innovacon, Inc.*, 2018 WL 1001097, at *1 (S.D. Cal. Feb. 21, 2018); *see DNA Genotek Inc. v. Spectrum Sols., L.L.C.*, 2023 WL 4335734, at *2 (S.D. Cal. May 10, 2023). In general, requests to seal information should be narrowly tailored “to remove from public view only the material that is protected.” *Ervine v. Warden*, 214 F. Supp. 3d 917, 919 (E.D. Cal. 2016); *Vineyard House, LLC v. Constellation Brands U.S. Ops., Inc.*, 619 F. Supp. 3d 970, 972 n.2 (N.D. Cal. 2021) (Gonzalez Rogers, J.) (granting a motion to seal “because the request is narrowly tailored and only includes confidential information”).

DISCUSSION

Apple seeks to seal the personally identifiable information and the sensitive business information regarding project codenames in Exhibit A to Epic's Motion. *See* Perry Decl. ¶ 5.

Apple’s administrative motion to seal is subject to the “good cause” standard because it concerns non-dispositive objections related to discovery. *See, e.g., Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1179 (“[T]he public has less of a need for access to court records attached only to non-dispositive motions because those documents are often unrelated, or only tangentially related, to the underlying cause of action.”); *Lee v. Great Am. Life Ins. Co.*, 2023 WL 8126850, at *2 (C.D. Cal. Nov. 13, 2023) (“Matters concerning discovery generally are considered nondispositive of the litigation” (quotation omitted)); *see also In re Anthem, Inc. Data Breach Litig.*, 2018 WL 3067783, at *2; *Rembrandt Diagnostics, LP*, 2018 WL 1001097, at *1; *Al Otro Lado, Inc. v. Wolf*, 2020 WL 5422784, at *4 (S.D. Cal. Sept. 10, 2020).

Apple’s sealing request meets the good cause standard here. *Lamartina v. VMware, Inc.*, 2024 WL 3049450, at *2 (N.D. Cal. June 17, 2024) (good cause to seal internal email communications). Apple operates in an intensely competitive environment, and thus has taken extensive measures to protect the confidentiality of its information. *See Perry Decl.* ¶ 3. Disclosure of the sealed information in the exhibits relating to confidential project codenames could harm Apple’s business interests. *Id.* ¶ 5; *see also DNA Genotek Inc.*, 2023 WL 4335734, at *2 (finding good cause where disclosure would “undercut” a party’s “position … in the marketplace”). Additionally, courts in this district have found not only good cause, but compelling reasons exist to seal personally identifiable information. *See*

1 *Snapkeys*, 2021 WL 1951250, at *3 (granting motion to file under seal personally identifiable
 2 information, including email addresses and telephone numbers of current and former employees); *see*
 3 *also UnifySCC v. Cody*, 2023 WL 7170265, at *1 (N.D. Cal. Oct. 30, 2023) (finding compelling reasons
 4 to seal personally identifying information of employees, including names, addresses, phone numbers,
 5 and email addresses).

6 Apple has narrowly tailored its sealing request to include only the information necessary to
 7 protect its confidential business information and personally identifiable information. *See Krommenhock*
 8 *v. Post Foods, LLC*, 2020 WL 2322993, at *3 (N.D. Cal. May 11, 2020) (granting motion to seal
 9 “limited” information); *see also Phillips*, 307 F.3d at 1211; *Williams v. Apple Inc.*, 2021 WL 2476916,
 10 at *2–3 (N.D. Cal. June 17, 2021) (noting Apple’s narrowed sealing requests with “tailored redactions”);
 11 Dkt. No. 643 at 3 (finding Apple’s proposed redactions appropriate for an exhibit when redactions were
 12 “narrowly tailored” to “sensitive and confidential information”). Apple has only partially redacted
 13 limited information in Exhibit A. *See* Perry Decl. ¶ 5.

14 For the foregoing reasons, there is good cause that warrants partially sealing Exhibit A to Epic’s
 15 Motion.

16 CONCLUSION

17 Apple respectfully requests that the Court seal the information identified in the accompanying
 18 declaration.

19
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 21 Dated: February 25, 2025

Respectfully submitted,

22 By: /s/Mark A. Perry
 23 Mark A. Perry
 24 WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP

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 28 Attorney for Apple Inc.